MAXICLENE



DESCRIPTION

MAXICLENE is a mixture of very strong acids in solution which are highly effective for removing mortar smudges and red rust and white calcium stains from clay brickwork.

NOTE: Only persons that have a license from the Health Department are able to purchase this product.

DIRECTIONS

RUST STAINS (RED OR WHITE) MORTAR **SMUDGES**

Trial dilutions of MAXICLENE up to 10 parts with water on the affected clay brick or ceramic substrate. 1 litre of MAXICLENE makes up to 10 litres of an appropriate dilution. For a more economical dilution, MAXICLENE can be diluted 1: 1 with HCl 30%m/m. Hard deposits are usually removed with undiluted MAXICLENE.

Treat stained bricks or ceramic substrates singularly or 0.25m2 at a time. Work on a dry substrate and up a wall. Apply MAXICLENE solution to dry substrate and scrub it around for a short while. While the substrate face is still wet, immediately wash with water, scrubbing as you wash. Repeat this process on the next portion of the walls, either up or along the substrate.

Neutralise treated area with NEUTRA. After 15 minutes of contact with the diluted NEUTRA solution, rinse the treated area with water.

To check the neutralising with **NEUTRA** solution, use litmus paper (red paper turns blue) or pH paper. Either should have a reading of pH 7-8.

CLEAN UP

Clean up is done on site with water and neutralize with **NEUTRA**. Collect and dispose of the neutralised waste in accord with the relevant environmental protection laws. Neutralisation and correct disposal are very important because **MAXICLENE** will vaporize, and attack metal fittings and fixtures. This is especially damaging inside a house, for example, on fridges, bathroom taps or cupboard fittings, etc.

PRECAUTIONS/FIRST AID

Wear coveralls, eye protection, acid resistant gloves and safety boots.

HYDROFLUORIC ACID attacks all of the body: eyes, bones and fingernails. It is an extremely dangerous acid but is required because there is no alternative chemical which has similar activity and efficiency of stain deposit removal that can replace it for this purpose of use.

The acids in MAXICLENE attacks all metals, anodised aluminium, concrete, glass, timber, paint, especially if left for a long period. Short term placement with removal soon after usually does not show any defect. Thus, these items must be masked from MAXICLENE when in use and when it is being removed. Always neutralise with NEUTRA.

First aid for different exposures is listed below:

INHALED: Avoid breathing vapour or spray mists. Wear a face mask with absorbent cartridges.

SWALLOWED: Drink water or milk. Do not induce vomitina.

SKIN: Remove any contaminated clothing. Wash off with water followed by soap and water. Rub calcium gluconate gel over areas where contact has occurred.

EYES: Hold the eyelids open and wash with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes.

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SEEK IMMEIDATE MEDICAL ADVICE IN ALL CASE.

STORAGE

Store **MAXICLENE** in a cool area, between 5-30°C under cover and away from any other chemicals, foodstuffs or items.

PACK SIZES

MAXICLENE is sold in packs of 20 litres.

TRANSPORT

UN No.: 1790, CLASS: 8, SUB CLASS: 6.1(a), HAZCHEM: 2XE, PACKAGING GROUP: II PLASTIC CONTAINERS, I.E.R.G. No.: 40. SAFETY PHRASES: 1, 3, 4, 5, 8, 29, 35 RISK PHRASES: 1, 17, 93

MAXICLENE is classified as a hazardous good for transport by Safe Work Australia.